

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

MA 1118 - Multivariable Calculus

Quiz 4 - Quarter I - AY 02-03

Instructions: Work all problems. Read the problems carefully. Show appropriate work, as partial credit will be given. No notes or tables permitted.

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1. (15 points) Given

$$f(x, y) = x^2y + \cos(xy^2)$$

find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ ,  $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}$  and  $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}$

**solution:**

To find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ , we treat all other variables (in this case  $y$ ) as constants, and then just take an ordinary derivative, i.e.

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [x^2y + \cos(xy^2)] = 2xy - y^2 \sin(xy^2)$$

where we differentiated the first term using just the  $x^n$  rule, and the second term using the chain rule.

Proceeding similarly then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [2xy - y^2 \sin(xy^2)] \\ &= 2y - y^2 (y^2 \cos(xy^2)) = 2y - y^4 \cos(xy^2) \end{aligned}$$

Finally

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [2xy - y^2 \sin(xy^2)] \\ &= 2x - 2y \sin(xy^2) - y^2 (2xy \cos(xy^2)) \\ &= 2x - 2y \sin(xy^2) - 2xy^3 \cos(xy^2) \end{aligned}$$

2. (5 points) Identify and sketch the domain of:  $f(x, y) = \ln(x^2 - y^2)$

**solution:**

Since this is a composition with the logarithm, the domain should fairly clearly seen to be:

$$x^2 - y^2 > 0 \quad \implies \quad x^2 > y^2 \quad \implies \quad |x| > |y|$$

This is precisely the region shaded below:

